MATH 2110: Quiz #3 – SOLUTIONS

/6 **Problem 1:** Find and classify the critical points of $f(x, y) = 2 - x^4 + 2x^2 - y^2$.

Solve for the critical points:

$$0 = f_x = -4x^3 + 4x = 4x(1 - x^2) \implies x = 0, \pm 1$$

$$0 = f_y = -2y \implies y = 0.$$

So the critical points are (0,0), (1,0) and (-1,0). We have:

$$f_{xx} = -12x^2 + 4$$
$$f_{yy} = -2$$
$$f_{xy} = 0$$

At (0, 0):

$$D = f_{xx}(0,0)f_{yy}(0,0) - [f_{xy}(0,0)]^2 = (4)(-2) - 0 = -8 < 0$$

so f(x, y) has a saddle point at (0, 0).

At (1, 0):

$$D = f_{xx}(1,0)f_{yy}(1,0) - [f_{xy}(1,0)]^2 = (-8)(-2) - 0 = 16 > 0, \quad f_{xx}(0,0) = -8 < 0$$

so f(x, y) has a **local max** at (1, 0).

At (-1, 0):

$$D = f_{xx}(-1,0)f_{yy}(-1,0) - [f_{xy}(-1,0)]^2 = (-8)(-2) - 0 = 16 > 0, \quad f_{xx}(0,0) = -8 < 0$$

so f(x, y) has a local max at (-1, 0).

/4 **Problem 2:** Find the equation of the tangent plane at (1, 2, 1) to the surface xy + yz + zx = 5.

Let f(x, y, z) = xy + yz + zx. The surface is a "level surface" of f so $\nabla f(1, 2, 1)$ is perpendicular to the tangent plane. A vector normal to the tangent plane is therefore

$$\mathbf{n} = \nabla f(1,2,1) = (y+z,x+z,y+x) \bigg|_{(1,2,1)} = (3,2,3)$$

The equation of the plane in "normal form" is then

$$[(x, y, z) - (1, 2, 1)] \cdot (3, 2, 3) = 0 \implies 3(x - 1) + 2(y - 2) + 3(z - 1) = 0$$
$$\implies \boxed{3x + 2y + 3z = 10}$$